

........ **MEET THE 2021 WHITLEY** AWARD WINNERS

The Whitley Awards support grassroots conservationists who are acting on the latest science and leading projects with passion! Their work is benefitting wildlife, habitats, and human wellbeing. Meet this year's inspirational winners:

> Iroro, Tanshi



Kini Roesler

Lucy Kemp



Paula Kahumbu



Phom



Pedro Fruet











Bats can be helpful to humans because they eat insects, which stops the bugs from eating the crops that grow nearby!



What is the short-tailed roundleaf bat?

The short-tailed roundleaf bat looks a lot like other bats, with their furry bodies and wings. These bats have short tails, big ears, and cute button noses. They are called **roundleaf** bats because their noses look like just that: round leaves!

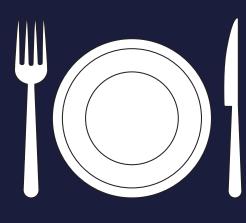
Short-tailed roundleaf bats are endangered, and so there aren't many of them still alive. They live together in caves in Cameroon and Nigeria in / Africa, about here!

DID YOU KNOW?

Iroro wants to protect the bats in Afi Mountain Wildlife Sanctuary and Cross River National Park to make sure that the short-tailed roundleaf bat doesn't go extinct.

What's happening to the short-tailed roundleaf bat?

People in Nigeria often go into caves to hunt bats for food. which has caused the number of short-tailed roundleaf bats in Africa to drop.



Wildfires are also a big problem, because they burn down the fruit trees that the bats use for food.

Lots of people in Nigeria are scared of bats, and even believe that they are witches!



Who is Iroro Tanshi?

Iroro Tanshi is a **conservationist**. She found a small group of short-tailed roundleaf bats in Nigeria in 2016.

> She is now working with the Small Mammal Conservation Organisation (also called SMACON) on a project to protect these bats. and other bats that might be living in caves nearby.

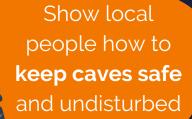
What is Iroro's project?

Iroro is a Whitley Winner, and has been awarded some money from the 'Whitley Fund for Nature' so that she can:

Create a **fire** warning system, so that people can stop wildfires from spreading

Tag bats, so Iroro can find new groups of bats in new caves Bat #23









Name: Iroro Tanshi Job: Director of SMACON, leading the research into the bats Hobbies: Swimming, travelling, and reading Heroes: Her Dad, her teachers in SMACON, high-achieving Nigerian women, and Sir David Attenborough!



KINI ROESLER HELPS THE HOODED GREBE



Whitley Award Winner 2021

Grebes are known for their dances

Name: Kini Roesler Job: Biologist Hobbies: Birdwatching, football, hiking, and rock climbing

Meet Kini

Threats:

rebe

climate change
habitat destruction
competition and
damages by invasive
species

kelp gull

American mink

rainbow trout



DID YOU KNOW?

The hooded grebe is the symbol of the Patagonia National Park in Argentina and is only found in that country.

Habitat



rhea

Patagonian National Park

Patagonia National Park **protects almost 50%** of the grebes' breeding population. It has epic scenery, extreme weather, and is home to incredible wildlife including foxes and rheas.

KINI'S PROJECT

With their Whitley Award, Kini and his team are planning to:

Increase knowledge of the grebes' migration and habitat



Work alongside park rangers to reduce the number of eggs and chicks being eaten by introduced species

ARGENTINA (South America)

gray fox

DID YOU KNOW?

Protecting the hooded grebe also protects the **Patagonian Steppe**, a large and unchartered region!

Inspire the next generation of young conservationists

Reach out to people of all ages to raise awareness of the challenges faced by the species



Photos from Kini Roesler Graphics from Canva





LUCY KEMP SAFEGUARDS THE SOUTHERN GROUND-HORNBILL

Whitley Award Winner 2021



SUPPORTING CONSERVATION LEADERS

CONSERVATION OPTIMISM

Meet Lucy

Lucy's parents worked to protect the southern ground hornbill in Kruger National Park, so she spent her childhood travelling all across Asia and Africa.

Lucy has worked with lots of other endangered species, including black rhino, wild dog, cheetah, and rare plants!

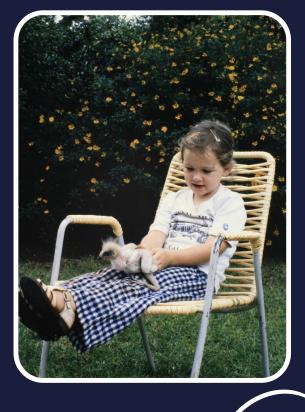


Introducing the southern ground-hornbill

The southern ground-hornbill is a large, red and black bird from southern Africa - they can live for up to 60 years! They are locally known as "**Africa's thunderbird**" as locals believe groundhornbills are the "bringers of rain".



Southern ground-hornbills live in the savanna - a grassy tropical plain, with large trees for nesting, and short grass for foraging.



Lucy and the hornbills

Lucy had a magical childhood because of the southern groundhornbills, and this inspired her to conserve them.

Her favourite thing about the groundhornbills is their **long luscious eyelashes**.

These eyelashes are actually **modified**

Southern groundhornbills are **territorial** and need their own space! This can mean they take up poor nest sites in favour of living alone, increasing their vulnerability to **predation** and **flooding**.

DID YOU KNOW? The southern ground-hornbill can **kill snakes**! feathers which protect their eyes from the sun, thorns, twigs, and sharp grasses.

DID YOU KNOW? It's the largest species of hornbill, weighing **up to 4kg** (about the size of a turkey)!

Threats to ground-hornbills

DID YOU KNOW? On average, ground-hornbills in South Africa have a territory

of 100km2.

Yet 70% of their habitat gas been destroyed



Farming **only one type of crop** threatens ground-hornbills by reducing habitat diversity.



Ground-hornbills **break people's windows** as they mistake their own reflection for another hornbill. This is **expensive** so local people may **poison** hornbills, and **cut down the trees** they nest <u>in</u>.

Lucy's positive

Lucy is one of the 2021 Whitley Award winners! She will make **artificial nests** to help the hornbills raise their chicks.

Lucy will **train local people** to **monitor** and **protect** hornbill nests.

Why we need to protect ground-hornbills

Ground-hornbills play an important role in southern Africa's **food webs**, and are a valuable part of the **savanna ecosystem**.



They are also an important part of the local people's **culture**, as they believe hornbills **predict the summer rains**, which are vital to the farmers' survival.



Working with the community

As ground-hornbills are so large, some people are afraid of them.

Lucy helps **educate people** about ground-hornbills, so people find it easier to care for them.

By explaining some of the more

She will also document the beliefs and culture of the local community, so they can be included in the conservation programmes.



Poster created by Alicia Hayden | Map of hornbill range from Wikipedia | All photos from Lucy Kemp | Graphics from Canva



PAULA KAHUMBU: JUSTICE FOR WILDLIFE AND PEOPLE Whitley Gold Award Winner 2021





The African Elephant



⇒This is a savanna elephant

Africa is home to two kinds of elephant: the **savanna elephant** and the **forest elephant**.

In Kenya, savanna elephants live alongside zebras, giraffes, buffalos, hippos, cheetahs and the Maasai people of Kenya.

DID YOU KNOW?

Elephants have multipurpose noses: they are the only animals that use them to smell, hold things, eat, breathe **and** talk!



Name: Paula Kahumbu

Paula works in Kenya

Job: wildlife conservationist Hero: Margaret Kenyatta (the First Lady of Kenya) Hobbies: Reading & photography

The Maasai people believe elephants to be our ancestors.

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In 2016 Paula convinced the Kenyan government to **burn all of the ivory** (elephant tusks) that they had captured from criminals to show that they cared more about elephants than money. Elephants are primarily threatened by:

people killing them for their tusks, which are made of valuable ivory;

people destroying their homes to develop farms, roads, and mines.



How is Paula protecting them?

Paula is inspiring Kenyans to take the lead in protecting their own wildlife:

- she works with the government on laws that protect the environment and wildlife;
- she makes sure that criminal poachers face justice;
- she connects local people with experts to help solve problems and make communities part of the solution.



SUCCESS

After five years Paula and her team have reduced poaching **by 80%**!

"Wildlife Warriors" is a TV series presented by Paula, which shines a light on **the work of African conservation heroes**. It has been watched by millions of Kenyans.

Do you have a TV series that inspires you?





Photos from Johann Vorster, Kathy Karn, Paula Kahumbu, and Wildlife Direct Graphics from Canva



NUKLU PHOM: GUARDIAN OF THE AMUR FALCONS Whitley Award Winner 2021



CONSERVATION OPTIMISM

Welcome to Nagaland



The Amur falcon

The world's furthest migrating bird of prey

It is a part of **north-east** India. It is home to the Phom, Ao, Chang and Khiamniungan Naga peoples. Here you can find the sacred Yingnyushang mountain and forests full of pangolins, hornbills and Asiatic black bears. They Fly 22,000km every single year

Winter in South Africa

Breed in China

Eat termites in Nagaland

Cross the Arabian Sea

Eating termites protects the crops of the Naga people

Why are they in danger?

Some people hunt the falcons for money

Slashing and burning the forest to create farmland kills the termites they eat



Did you know? "Phom Naga" means Cloud People

MEET NUKLU PHOM



Some people call him Lo-I Sahib or "Guardian of the Amurs"

Nuklu **grew up in Yaongyimchen** village in Nagaland and he is **Phom Naga. His hero is his grandfather** because he taught him to respect and protect wildlife.

He likes to play badminton, go to church, and sing

Nuklu's Biodiversity Peace Corridor

Nuklu has inspired **16 villages and all four Naga groups** to take part. Once complete it will be **twice the size of Disney World**

Nuklu is teaching his people how to look after their forests

DON'T DO hunt falcons keep pigs

Nuklu, his team and the





Poster created by Liz Brown

Photos from Nuklu Phom, Dylan Vasapolli, Bolingbroke-Kent | Graphics from Canva





PTIMISM

PEDRO FRUET PROTECTS LAHILLE'S BOTTLENOSE DOLPHINS



Whitley Award Winner 2021

Pedro's conservation project aims to protect Lahille's bottlenose dolphins from major threats such as pollution, lack of food, and **bycatch**.

What is bycatch?

Bycatch is any animal (like a dolphin, turtle, or bird) that gets **unintentionally** caught by a fishing net.

It is one of the greatest threats to aquatic animals.

Dolphins love to greet humans!

> Pedro's project will provide these endangered dolphins with a fishing net-free habitat where they can swim, hunt, and play in **safety**!

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Poster created by Emma Felin | Photos from Pedro Fruet Graphics from Canva



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Habitat

Did you know?

There are only 600 Lahille's bottlenose dolphins left in the world.

BRAZIL (South America)

A high concentration live in the **Patos Lagoon Estuary**, where they like to...

Patos Lagoon Estuary

interact with surfers like Pedro

wave at

passing

ships



help fishermen catch fish

Integrating the coastal community with the natural world

Pedro and his team are working with fishermen to reduce the bycatch of dolphins and bring more **awareness** to the special role that dolphins play in the fishing community.

Together with local citizens and environment agencies, Pedro plans to reduce dolphin deaths at Patos Lagoon Estuary by









Poster created by Emma Felin | Photos from Pedro Fruet Graphics from Canva



......... WHICH WHITLEY AWARD WINNER ARE YOU?



Click on the photos above to learn more about your winner's wildlife conservation work!



Poster created by Emma Felin | Graphics from Canva





